



### Attending to the Needs of Newcomers

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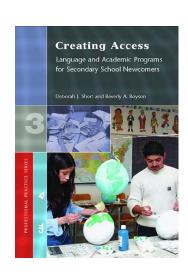
Research sponsored by the Carnegie Corporation of New York





### Newcomer Programs

- Specifically designed for recent immigrants with no or limited English proficiency and limited formal education
- Enrollment is for a limited time
- Most are programs within a school
- May use sheltered instruction or bilingual approach for curriculum, instruction and assessment



#### Newcomer students



are found in every state in the U.S.



#### **Newcomer Students**

- Literate newcomers
- SIFE (students with interrupted formal education) newcomers
- Late-entrant immigrant newcomers

#### **Newcomer Students' Assets**

- First Language/Literacy
- Meta-linguistic Awareness across Languages
- Oral English
- Transfer from Roman Alphabet / Cognates
- Prior Schooling
- World Knowledge / Prior Experiences
- Culture

It isn't that the students are slow. Once you



open that door and light shines in, it's incredible what they can accomplish within one year.

Diane Longfield, Bilingual Liaison, Elgin High School

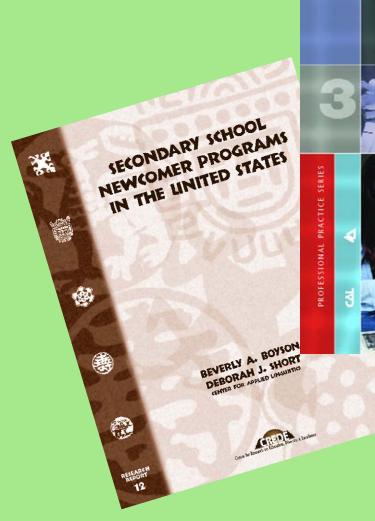


National Center for Research on Education,
 Diversity & Excellence (CREDE), 1996–2003

FOR APPLIED

LINGUISTICS

- Office of English Language Acquisition (OELA) (now NCELA), 2001–03
- Carnegie Corporation of New York, 2008-10
  - www.cal.org/newcomersurvey



#### **Creating Access**

Language and Academic Programs for Secondary School Newcomers

Deborah J. Short and Beverly A. Boyson



### Newcomer Research

Literacy Development Assessment PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIRST NATIONAL CONFERENCE FOR EDUCATORS OF NEWCOMER STUDENTS

SEPTEMBER 26-27, 2002 WASHINGTON, DC

BEVERLY A BOYSON BRONWYN COLTRANE DEBORAH I SHORT EDITORS

Tation Program Design Success



#### **Newcomer Program Goals**

- Help students acquire beginning English skills
- Provide some instruction in core content areas
- Guide student acculturation to U.S. schools
- Develop or strengthen native language literacy

### Common Features of Newcomer Programs

- Program or courses distinct from regular ESL
- Instructional strategies for literacy development
- Strategies to integrate language & content
- Orientation to U.S. schools and culture
- Appropriate materials, especially for students with no/low literacy & limited formal schooling
- Teachers experienced in working with newcomers
- Paraprofessional support
- Family connections

### Variable Features of Newcomer Programs

- Program location
- Length of daily program
- Length of program enrollment
- Grade levels served
- ESL or bilingual design
- Program articulation
- Content course selection/options for students
- Career education opportunities
- Assessments utilized

# CREDE Research Findings & Preliminary CAL/Carnegie Research Findings

	States #	Programs #	Middle School Sites	High School Sites	Middle & High School Sites
CREDE 2001	30	115	23%	54%	23%
CAL/ Carnegie	23	63	30%	41%	29%

# CREDE Research Findings & & Preliminary CAL/Carnegie Research Findings

	Urban	Suburban	Rural
CREDE 2001	76%	17%	7%
CAL/ Carnegie now	52%	30%	16%

# CREDE Research Findings & Preliminary CAL/Carnegie Research Findings

	ESL Program	Bilingual Program	Native Language Literacy	Varied
CREDE 2001	50%	7%	2%	41%
CAL/ Carnegie now	84%	13%	0%	3%

# CREDE Research Findings & & Preliminary CAL/Carnegie Research Findings

	Program within a school	Separate Site	Whole School
CREDE 2001	77%	17%	6%
CAL/ Carnegie now	56%	32%	24%

# CREDE Research Findings & Preliminary CAL/Carnegie Research Findings

	Full Day	Half Day	Less than Half Day	After School	Other/ Combina- tions
CREDE 2001	56%	17%	6%	2%	19%
CAL/ Carnegie now	65%	19%	3%	2%	10%

# CREDE Research Findings & & Preliminary CAL/Carnegie Research Findings

	1 year enroll- ment	1 year + summer	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Other
CREDE 2001	43%	13%	6%	38%	
CAL/ Carnegie now	43%	22%	5%	13%	17%

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#### **Attending to Instructional Needs**

- Course options and supports
- Targeted literacy development
- Options for high school credits
- Technology access
- More instructional time



#### **Types of Courses**

	2001	Now
ESL, ELD	100%	90%
■ L1 literacy/language arts	42%	30%
Content instruction	97%	87%
<ul><li>Cross-cultural orientation</li></ul>		
to U.S.	81%	62%
<ul><li>Career/vocational</li></ul>	42%	13%
Reading intervention		48%



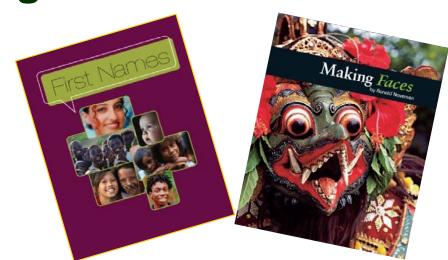
#### **Course Options**

- Content-based ESL
- Sheltered science, social studies, math (including SIOP)
- Pre-Algebra (in high school)
- Adjunct (ESL + ESL study skills; ELA + ESL 2)



#### **Literacy Development**

- Basic and Content Vocabulary
- Phonemic Awareness and Phonics
- Oral Language Practice
- Constructing Meaning from Print (comprehension) – including background knowledge for content
- Fluency
- Grammar Practice
- Hi-lo Readers





#### **High School Credits**

- Advocacy for newcomer courses
- Advocacy for home country transcripts
- Online and credit recovery options (e.g., LUCHA, Apex)



#### **Technology Access**

 Computer programs for learning English and for Reading (e.g., Rosetta Stone)

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#### **More Instructional Time**

- After school programs
- Summer school
- Saturday programs
- Field trips

#### Burbank M.S. Recent Arrival Program, Dos Ventanas Hacia el Mundo

- 3 year, full day, bilingual program within a school
- Content instruction in native language + intensive ESL
- Moving towards 50-50 Spanish/English instruction for content over 3 years
- Students may move to dual language maintenance or sheltered English at advanced high level
- Separate summer program for newcomers

### International Newcomer Academy Fort Worth ISD

- 1 to 2 year, separate site, full day program for immigrant and refugee students in grades 6-9
- Literate and SIFE (preliterate) students
- ESL/sheltered content program
- Goal: transition to secondary schools thru orientation to US, acquisition of basic English, content knowledge (math, science, soc studies)
- Extra/co-curricular activities, collaborative projects with other programs, community service

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#### **Attending to Needs Effectively**

- Flexible course scheduling
- Flexible length of enrollment
- Careful staffing
- Family & social service connections
- Diagnostic assessments
- Progress assessments
- Transition practices
- Advocacy for courses, credits and time



#### **Challenges that Remain**

- NCLB testing requirements
- AYP at separate school sites
- High school graduation in 4 years
- Instructional materials and curricula



2008-09 Program Profiles will be on CAL's website in November

If you'd like to participate in the survey, go to www.cal.org/newcomersurvey





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